

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier 19 OZ WILDWORX GERMICIDAL CLNR LB 12PK

Other means of identification

Product code 1000030141

Recommended use PESTICIDE

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name WILDMAN FACILITY SERVICES

Address 800 S. BUFFALO ST
WARSAW, IN 46580
United States

Telephone General Assistance 1-866-369-1552

E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number Emergency - US 1-866-836-8855

Emergency - Outside US 1-952-852-4646

Supplier Not available.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection/face protection.

Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	4.85
EDTA Tetrasodium Salt		64-02-8	1.203
Isopropyl Alcohol		67-63-0	1.042
Other components below reportable levels			92.904

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. All concentrations are in percent by weight (kg) unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume (l).

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If inhalation of gas/fume/vapor/dust/mist from the material is excessive (air concentration is greater than the TLV or health effects are noticed), immediately remove the affected person(s) to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash clothing separately before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause severe irritation or burns to the eyes, skin, gastrointestinal tract, and respiratory system. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Irritation of nose and throat.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Oxygen, if needed. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Immediate medical attention is required. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Keep victim under observation. Keep victim warm.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices as icing may occur. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile). Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. May be ignited by open flame. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not get this material on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	97 mg/m ³
		20 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	984 mg/m ³
		400 ppm

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
	TWA	492 mg/m3 200 ppm

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	97 mg/m3 20 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1230 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm 983 mg/m3 400 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face-shield. Do not get in eyes.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Do not get this material in contact with skin. Wear chemical protective equipment that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

Respiratory protection	If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not get this material on clothing. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Gas.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Yellow.
Odor	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	11.8 - 12.8 estimated
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	212 °F (100 °C) estimated
Flash point	-156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	60 - 70 psig @ 70F estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Specific gravity	0.979 estimated estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.
Chemical stability	Risk of explosion. Risk of ignition. Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Oxidizing agents. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Skin contact	Corrosive effects. Harmful in contact with skin. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause severe irritation or burns to the eyes, skin, gastrointestinal tract, and respiratory system. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Upper respiratory tract irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Causes burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product	Species	Test Results
19 OZ WILDWORX GERMICIDAL CLNR LB 12PK		

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rat 4536 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 44 mg/l/4h

Oral

LD50 Rat

Components	Species	Test Results
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Guinea pig 7.3 ml/kg, 4 Days
0.23 ml/kg, 24 Hours
Rabbit 435 mg/kg, 24 Hours
0.68 ml/kg, 24 Hours
0.63 ml/kg
Rat > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Inhalation

LC50 Rabbit 400 ppm, 7 Hours
Rat 450 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD100 Rabbit 695 mg/kg
LD50 Dog > 695 mg/kg
Guinea pig 1414 mg/kg
Mouse 1519 mg/kg
Rat 1746 mg/kg

EDTA Tetrasodium Salt (CAS 64-02-8)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat 1658 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	16.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 10000 ppm, 6 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5.84 g/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Corrosive to skin and eyes. Corrosive effects.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Risk of serious damage to eyes.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant		
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Irritant	
Respiratory sensitization	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Skin sensitization	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Hazardous by WHMIS criteria. Cancer hazard. Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (EGBE) (CAS 111-76-2)	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	Mutagenic effects. May cause reproductive system disorder and/or damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not applicable.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified. Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Aspiration hazard	Not likely, due to the form of the product.	
Chronic effects	Hazardous by WHMIS criteria. Hazardous by OSHA criteria. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.	
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.	
	Repeated absorption may cause disorder of central nervous system, liver, kidneys and blood. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	
Further information	Symptoms may be delayed.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product contains a substance which may cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
--------------------	--

Product	Species		Test Results
19 OZ WILDWORX GERMICIDAL CLNR LB 12PK			
Aquatic			
Algae	IC50	Algae	86.0535 mg/L, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	43604 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1165 mg/L, 96 Hours
Components	Species		Test Results
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours
EDTA Tetrasodium Salt (CAS 64-02-8)			
Aquatic			
Algae	IC50	Algae	1.01 mg/L, 72 Hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	472 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Aquatic			
Algae	IC50	Algae	1000.0001 mg/L, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	13299 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.05

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	D
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

IATA; IMDG; TDG

**15. Regulatory information****Canadian regulations****Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other Information

Issue date	11-11-2016
Version #	01
References	ACGIH EPA: AQUIRE database NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
Disclaimer	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Revision information	Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names